

New Mexico Local Government Investment Pool

Newsletter

Safety, Liquidity, Yield...In That Order!

May 2021

Portfolio Summary of the Local Government Investment Pool

Summary

- Ending March 2021 market value for the LGIP was \$1.127 billion versus February's reported closing value of \$1.151 billion.
- The LGIP maintains a AAAm rating by Standard & Poor's.

Portfolio Mix

- At the end of March, the portfolio was invested as follows: 45% in US Treasuries, 40% in collateralized demand deposit accounts with qualified banking institutions, 8% in US government agencies, and 7% in supranational securities.
- At month-end, the LGIP held positions in 47 securities.

Investment Earnings

- During March, the fund earned \$133,267.
- For FY2021, the fund earned \$1,493,044.
- LGIP earnings are retained by participants after a management fee of 0.05% is paid to the General Fund.

Performance

- Gross yield on the LGIP was 0.13% at the end of March.
- Net yield to participants was 0.08%.

Investment Highlights

For the LGIP, the WAM(R) of 46 days and WAM
 (F) of 70 days were within their maximums of 60 and 120 days respectively.

 During the month, the LGIP purchased \$111.6 million US Treasury securities and \$25.7 million supranational securities.

Investment Strategy

- LGIP WAMs are currently 49 and 70 days for WAM(R) and WAM(F), respectively.
- LGIP will continue to focus on maximizing safety of principal and providing adequate liquidity through the use of prudent investments.

Net Asset Value/Share

 At month-end, the Net Asset Value per Share of the LGIP \$1.00005.

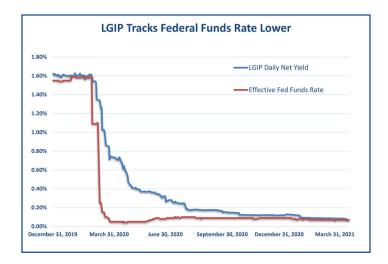
STO's website provides a multitude of informative New Mexico LGIP reports and portfolio summaries, including a link to access the LGIP Internet Participant Access System (IPAS) and handy user guide. If you are not currently enrolled in IPAS, you are missing out on all the advantages:

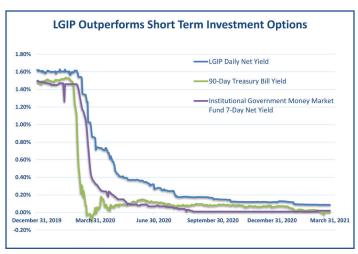
- Paperless transactions and statements
- Easy, no hassle, multi-level approvals
- Transfer cash, and purchase and redeem shares within authorized accounts at the push of a button

So Don't be Last—Get IPAS!

To enroll, call Felicia Roybal at (505) 955-1142 or email nmsto.lgip@state.nm.us.

Data unaudited. Information is obtained from third party sources that may or may not be verified. Many factors affect performance including changes in market conditions and interest rates and in response to other economic, political, or financial developments. All comments and discussions presented are purely based on opinion and assumptions, not fact. These assumptions may or may not be correct based on foreseen and unforeseen events. The information presented should not be used in making any investment decisions. This material is not a recommendation to buy, sell, implement, or change any securities or investment strategy, function, or process. Any financial and/or investment decision should be made only after considerable research, consideration, and involvement with an experienced professional engaged for the specific purpose. Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Any financial and/or investment decision may incur loss.





Upcoming Data to Watch

Data	Period	Value	Next Period	Expected Value	Release Date
PCE Core Deflator YoY	Feb 2021	1.40%	Mar 2021	1.80%	4/30/2021
ISM Manufacturing Index	Mar 2021	64.7	Apr 2021	65.0	5/3/2021
ISM Services Index	Mar 2021	63.7	Apr 2021	64.1	5/5/2021
U.S. Unemployment	Mar 2021	6.00%	Apr 2021	5.70%	5/7/2021
Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Mar 2021	916,000	Apr 2021	980,000	5/7/2021
CPI YoY	Mar 2021	2.60%	Apr 2021	n/a	5/12/2021
PPI YoY	Mar 2021	4.20%	Apr 2021	n/a	5/13/2021
Fed Funds Target	28 Apr 2021	0.00%-0.25%	16 Jun 2021	0.00%-0.25%	6/16/2021
GDP QoQ	Q1 2021	6.40%	Q2 2021	n/a	7/29/2021

Market Outlook

The Federal Reserve is committed to holding short-term rates near zero until there is sustained improvement in the economy. The Fed's two main goals, or "dual mandate," are maintaining price stability and reaching maximum sustainable employment. The Fed has indicated that it will allow inflation to run above its 2% symmetrical target in the short run, focusing on the Core Personal Consumption Expenditures Index (PCE) as its preferred inflation measure. The Core PCE Index, which excludes the more volatile food and energy price inputs, continues to run below the Fed's target.

Data that may help to monitor progress toward reaching the Fed's goal of full employment include the unemployment rate and growth in non-farm payrolls. Despite the recent robust gains to non-farm payrolls, the labor market has only recovered slightly more than half of the jobs that were lost during the early months of the pandemic. The unemployment rate continues to trend lower since the high of 12.9% reached in April 2020, although well off the 3.5% rate achieved prior to the onset of Covid.

Contact Us