STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OFFICIAL ROSTER	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	14
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	15
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	16
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	18
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	19
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS	20
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS	21
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	22
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	55
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	56

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

57
58
59
60
61
64
65
66
67
69
70
71

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2021

Office of the State Treasurer

Tim Eichenberg State Treasurer

Sam Collins Deputy State Treasurer

David Mahooty Chief Financial Officer

Charmaine Cook State Cash Manager

State Treasurer's Investment Committee

Tim Eichenberg State Treasurer

Ashley Leach State Board of Finance

Mark Pike Public Member

Ceilia Aglialoro Public Member

Charmaine Cook State Cash Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance and Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer and Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor New Mexico Office of the State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund of the State of New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer (the Office) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Office's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the State of New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Office that is attributable to the transactions of the Office. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2021, the changes in its financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Pension Accounting and Reporting

As discussed in Note 16, the State of New Mexico, as a single employer, follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards No. 68 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as of June 30, 2021, in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (ACFR). Accordingly, there is no allocation of the proportional share of the net pension liability to individual agencies or to the Office's financial statements. All other required footnotes and other disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board are included in the State of New Mexico ACFR for June 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Accounting and Reporting

As discussed in Note 17, the State of New Mexico, as a single employer, follows GASB 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* as of June 30, 2021, in the ACFR. Accordingly, there is no allocation of the proportional share of the net OPEB liability to individual agencies or to the Office's financial statements. All other required footnotes and other disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board are included in the State of New Mexico ACFR for June 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Office's basic financial statements. The schedules in the Supplementary Information section within the Table of Contents are required by 2.2.2 NMAC and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules in the Supplementary Information section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Except for the schedule of investment pool net position (unaudited), schedule of changes in investment pool net position (unaudited) and the schedule of asset management costs (unaudited), such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other schedules in the Supplementary Information section required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of investment pool net position (unaudited), schedule of changes in investment pool net position (unaudited) and the schedule of asset management costs (unaudited) have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2021, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 1, 2021

The New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer's (State Treasurer or STO) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the State Treasurer's financial activity, identify changes in the State Treasurer's financial position (ability to address future year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and identify any fund issues of concern.

The MD&A is designed to focus on the past year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts; please read it in conjunction with the State Treasurer's financial statements and notes which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The State Treasurer's total net position at June 30, 2021 was \$534,295,185. Net position at June 30, 2020 was \$326,434,442. The \$207,860,743 increase was primarily due to transfers from other state agencies to satisfy General Obligation and Severance Tax Bond obligations.

The net position held in trust for the local government pool participants at June 30, 2021 was \$1,143,121,078. The net position held in trust for local government investment pool participants at June 30, 2020 was \$945,051,007. The increase of \$198,070,071 was due primarily to investment earnings and increases in bond proceeds and local government investment pool balances. These investment trust funds were held primarily in high-quality U.S. Treasury and agency securities and cash bank accounts.

The General Fund's main financing source was appropriations, which amounted to \$3,696,300 or 90.4% of all general fund revenue.

The State Treasurer's total governmental fund revenues for fiscal year 2021 were \$972,921,959. The governmental fund revenues in fiscal year 2020 were \$743,088,336. Governmental fund revenues increased in 2021 by \$229,833,623, substantially due to an increase in Severance Tax collections.

The State Treasurer's total expenses for fiscal year 2021 were \$5,352,099. The expenses in fiscal year 2020 were \$4,747,711. Expenditures increased in fiscal year 2021 by \$604,388. This was mostly due to increases in the cost of issuance for General Obligation Bonds, Severance Tax Bonds and Supplemental Tax Notes.

Transfers to other state agencies for general obligation and severance tax bond debt service payments for fiscal year 2021 were \$762,654,193. Transfers to other state agencies for fiscal year 2020 were \$845,238,637. Transfers to other state agencies for debt service payments decreased by \$82,584,444 during fiscal 2021. This was primarily due to decreased debt service requirements of General Obligation and Severance Tax Bond obligations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the State Treasurer's basic financial statements. The State Treasurer's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the State Treasurer's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the State Treasurer's assets and liabilities, which is the difference between the two being reported as net position.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal year periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Net Position

Table A-1 summarizes the State Treasurer's net position as of June 30, 2021. Total State Treasurer net position for fiscal year 2021 is \$534,295,185, the majority of which is restricted as to purpose.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State Treasurer, like other State and local government entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the State Treasurer can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and a custodial fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The State Treasurer maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Fund, and the Severance Tax Bond Fund. The General Obligation and Severance Tax Bond funds combine into a single, aggregated presentation of the activity of each individual bond issue.

Individual bond transaction data of these governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. During 2021, the State Treasurer reclassified the Gaming Suspense Fund as a component of the general fund, as the fund has no revenue or expense activity.

The State Treasurer adopts an annual operating budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the State Treasurer. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the State Treasurer's own programs.

Fiduciary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The fiduciary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Short-term Investment Pool. The State Treasurer's fiduciary fund account for cash, securities, and other investments identified and held on behalf of local and State government agencies. The Short-term Investment Pool accounts for the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). This custodial fund is shown on the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position as an External Investment Pool Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a user's full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and begin on page 22 of this report.

Anticipated Changes

After initially being allocated a general fund appropriation of \$3,936,700 for fiscal year 2022 by the Legislature, a special session to make statewide cuts in response to the COVID-19 pandemic left the State Treasurer with a 2022 budget of \$3,696,300. For fiscal year 2023, the State Treasurer is requesting \$3,999,800. If the State Treasurer receives the total requested appropriation, the increase over the current fiscal year 2022 operating budget will be used primarily to fund costs associated with implementation of the New Mexico Work and Save program.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the General Obligation and Severance Tax Bond funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Schedules of capital assets can be found on page 62 of this report. Fiduciary schedules can be found in the Cash Flow Portfolios External and Internal Investment Pools report.

Table A-1
The State Treasurer's Net Position

	June 30,			
	2021	2020		
ASSETS				
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Repurchase Agreements	\$ 324,149,633	\$ 250,723,350		
Due from Other Agencies	213,743,954	78,385,939		
Gaming Suspense Receivables	18,433,433	5,490,543		
Other Receivables	2,481	-		
Capital Assets, Net	686,390	1,085,893		
Total Assets	557,015,891	335,685,725		
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Others	22,548,579	9,094,723		
Compensated Absences, Amounts Due in One Year	172,129	156,560		
Total Liabilities	22,720,708	9,251,283		
NET POSITION				
Investment in Capital Assets	686,390	1,085,893		
Restricted	533,780,922	325,505,109		
Unrestricted	(172,129)	(156,560)		
Total Net Position	\$ 534,295,183	\$ 326,434,442		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the State Treasurer, assets exceeded liabilities by \$534,295,183 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the State Treasurer's net position reflects amounts to be provided to satisfy its General Obligation and Severance Tax Bond obligations. It is the responsibility of the State Treasurer to record and administer debt service payments on behalf of the agencies and departments of the State of New Mexico. The proceeds of bond issues authorized by the State Board of Finance are transferred to various State agencies in the form of grants.

The State Treasurer anticipates the future tax revenues generated will be adequate to service the debt obligations.

The restricted portion of the State Treasurer's net position, \$533,780,924, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use.

Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities increased the State Treasurer's net position by \$207,860,741. Key elements of this increase are shown in Table A-2.

Table A-2
The State Treasurer's Statement of Activities

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2021	2020		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
General Government	<u> </u>	\$ -		
Total Program Revenues	-	-		
General Revenues and transfers from (to) state agencies:				
State General Fund Appropriations, net of reversion	3,349,040	3,686,719		
Special Appropriations	11,000	108,600		
State Property Tax Levy	99,671,079	88,509,799		
Severance Taxes	861,179,840	631,710,032		
Interest Revenue	11,678,678	22,867,119		
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-		
Other State/Federal Revenue	2,468	124,339		
Transfers (to) other state agencies	(762,654,193)	(845,238,637)		
Total General Revenues	213,237,912	(98,232,029)		
Total Revenues and transfers from (to) state agencies	213,237,912	(98,232,029)		
Expenses and Other Financing Uses:				
General Government	(5,767,171)	(5,177,465)		
Other Sources:	,	, , , ,		
Transfers in from Other State Agencies	-	-		
Net Expenses	(5,767,171)	(5,177,465)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	207,470,741	(103,409,494)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	326,434,442	429,843,936		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 533,905,183	\$ 326,434,442		

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the State Treasurer uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the State Treasurer's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the State Treasurer's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the State Treasurer's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$557,015,891, which is an increase of \$221,330,166 in comparison with the prior year. The primary reason for the increase in fund balance is property and severance taxes exceeding debt service payments recorded as transfers to other state agencies.

The fund balance of the State Treasurer's debt service funds decreased in comparison to the prior year due to large debt service payments offset by property and severance taxes and transfers in from other agencies as disclosed on page 60 – combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – general obligation bond debt service funds, and disclosed on page 65 – combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - severance tax bond debt service funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no significant variations between the original budget and the final amended budget.

The State Treasurer initially was allocated a general fund appropriation of \$3,936,700 for fiscal year 2022 by the Legislature. However, a special session to make statewide cuts in response to the COVID-19 pandemic left the State Treasurer with a 2022 budget of \$3,696,300.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The State Treasurer's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$686,390, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes equipment. Additional information on the State Treasurer's capital assets can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Administered Debt Service Payments

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State Treasurer was responsible for administering debt service payments on total bonded debt service requirements of \$657,865,841, all of which is secured by pledged tax revenues.

Significant Highlights

During fiscal year 2021, the State Treasurer's Office continued to hold operating costs down to stay within state budget constraints. The executive management team continued to closely review weekly budget status reports in order to identify potential cost savings. By the end of fiscal year 2021, cost savings yielded a \$336,260 reversion to the General Fund.

Staff development programs provided ongoing education and training for the State Treasurer's Office employees, providing training on supervisory skills, working in a union environment, defensive driving, civil rights, ethics, sexual harassment prevention and EEOC. Other training was resourced on the benefits of the deferred compensation program, the state public employees retirement program and retiree health care coverage. The State Treasurer's Office continues to honor retiring employees and recognize employee years of service once they have been employed for five years or longer.

Investment Pools

The agency's stated objective of selecting investments is based primarily on safety, then liquidity, and finally, yield. Assets of external and internal investment pools of funds managed by the State Treasurer totaled \$9,375,745,660 at June 30, 2021, as compared to \$7,544,778,508 at June 30, 2020, an increase of \$1,830,967,152 or 24.3%. This increase is due primarily to receipt of proceeds from the U.S. government's American Rescue Plan Act. Earnings decreased to \$11,293,147 from \$178,619,361 in 2021, a decrease of \$167,326,214 or 93.7%. This decrease was due primarily to continued historically low market interest rates as the U.S. Treasury responded to the adverse impacts of the financial impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in March 2020. The agency ended fiscal year 2021 with unrealized gains of \$42,779,378 as compared to unrealized gains of \$95,824,958 at the end of fiscal year 2020. The values of the agency's portfolios which are primarily bond portfolios were more positively impacted during fiscal year 2020 as market interest rates declined more precipitously prior to the end of fiscal year 2020 than they did during fiscal year 2021. The market value of bonds increases as market interest rates decrease. Unrealized gains and losses are recorded as an adjustment of earnings.

In fiscal year 2021, the State Treasurer's Office hosted ratings analysts from Standard & Poor's rating agency to review the status and management of the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is a pooled investment managed on behalf of local governments, school districts, higher education institutions, special districts, quasi-governmental agencies and Indian tribes and pueblos. Standard & Poor's representatives confirmed that the AAAm rating was reaffirmed based on a strong analysis of credit quality, market price exposure and management.

On June 16, 2021, \$1.75 billion was received from the federal government as New Mexico's allocation of proceeds from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). The Treasurer received and deposited the funds into the State General Fund Investment Pool in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, § 8-6-3 (providing that the state treasurer shall receive and keep all money of the state except when otherwise specially provided) and NMSA 1978, § 6-10-10 (providing that the state treasurer having on hand any public money by virtue of the office shall deposit that money in financial institutions designated and authorized to receive the deposits of all money received or collected by the treasurer). As of June 30, 2021, \$1.16 billion of the amounts received remain in State General Fund Investment Pool.

Contacting the State Treasurer's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State Treasurer's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer Office of the State Treasurer PO Box 5135 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Investment in State General Fund Investment Pool	\$ 324,149,633
Due from Other Agencies	213,743,954
Gaming Suspense Receivables	18,433,433
Other Receivables	2,481
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	686,390
Total Assets	557,015,891
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	915,841
Receipts Held in Suspense	3,118,834
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes	80,471
Due to State General Fund	18,433,433
Compensated Absences	172,129
Total Liabilities	22,720,708
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	686,390
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	533,780,922
Unrestricted	(172,129)
Total Net Position	\$ 534,295,183

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities General Government	E	Expenses 5,767,171	Gra	erating nts and ributions -	R (t (Expenses) evenue and Changes in let Position Primary Sovernment (5,767,171)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	5,767,171	\$			(5,767,171)
GENERAL REVENUES State Property Tax Levy Severance Taxes						99,671,079 861,179,840
TRANSFER FROM (TO) STATE AGENCIES State General Fund Appropriations State General Fund Compensation Appropriation Reversions to State General Fund FY21 Other State Agencies Interest Revenue Other State Funds Miscellaneous Revenue Federal Funds						3,685,300 11,000 (336,260) (762,654,193) 11,678,678 390,000 106 2,362
Total General Revenues and Transfers						213,627,912
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						207,860,741
Net Position - Beginning of Year						326,434,442
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$	534,295,183

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Major Funds							
	General Fund		General Obligation Bond Fund (Various Funds)			everance Tax Bond Fund arious Funds)	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Investment in State General Fund								
Investment Pool	\$	3,287,600	\$	81,191,680	\$	239,670,353	\$	324,149,633
Due from Other Agencies		-		5,475,783		208,268,171		213,743,954
Gaming Suspense Receivables		18,433,433		-		-		18,433,433
Other Receivables		2,481		<u>-</u>				2,481
Total Assets	\$	21,723,514	\$	86,667,463	\$	447,938,524	\$	556,329,501
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	90,776	\$	74,928	\$	750,137	\$	915,841
Receipts Held in Suspense		3,118,834		-		-		3,118,834
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes		80,471		-		-		80,471
Due to State General Fund		18,433,433						18,433,433
Total Liabilities		21,723,514		74,928		750,137		22,548,579
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		86,592,535		447,188,387		533,780,922
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances			_	86,592,535		447,188,387		533,780,922
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	21,723,514	\$	86,667,463	\$	447,938,524	\$	- 556,329,501

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds)

\$ 533,780,922

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the statement of net position

Capital Assets Total Acquisition Value Total Accumulated Depreciation

2,106,981 (1,420,591)

Total Capital Assets, Net

686,390

Some liabilities (compensated absences) are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the statement of net position

(172, 129)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement of Net Position)

\$ 534,295,183

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	General Obligation Bond Fund (Various Funds)	Severance Tax Bond Fund (Various Funds)	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Severance Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 861,179,840	\$ 861,179,840
State Property Tax Levy	-	99,671,079	-	99,671,079
Other State Funds	390,000	-	-	390,000
Interest Income - Debt Service	-	2,097,305	9,581,373	11,678,678
Federal Funds	2,362	104 700 004	- 070 704 040	2,362
Total Revenues	392,362	101,768,384	870,761,213	972,921,959
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel Services and				
Employee Benefits	2,800,345	_	_	2,800,345
Operating Costs:	_,000,010			_,000,0.0
Contractual Services	278,237	_	_	278,237
Other Administrative Expenditures	673,926	_	_	673,926
Other Charges	-	368,150	1,231,441	1,599,591
Total Expenditures	3,752,508	368,150	1,231,441	5,352,099
·				
NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES	(3,360,146)	101,400,234	869,529,772	967,569,860
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
State General Fund Appropriations	3,685,300	-	-	3,685,300
Compensation Appropriation	11,000	-	-	11,000
Other State Funds	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	106	-	-	106
Reversions to State General Fund FY21	(336,260)	-	-	(336,260)
Transfer (to) from Other State Agencies		(87,820,938)	(674,833,255)	(762,654,193)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	3,360,146	(87,820,938)	(674,833,255)	(759,294,047)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	13,579,296	194,696,517	208,275,813
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		73,013,239	252,491,870	325,505,109
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 86,592,535	\$ 447,188,387	\$ 533,780,922

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITIRES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances)

\$ 208,275,813

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the statement of activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense (399,503)

Depreciation Expense in Excess of Capital Outlay (399,503)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Increase in Compensated Absences (15,569)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 207,860,741

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITIRES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund (18200)							
						Actual	Var	iance with
	Amounts				Final Budget -			
		Budgeted	d Am	ounts	(Budgetary	F	Positive
	-	Original		Final		Basis)	۱)	legative)
REVENUES								
State General Fund Appropriations	\$	3,838,900	\$	3,685,300	\$	3,685,300	\$	-
State General Fund								
Compensation Appropriation		97,800		11,000		11,000		-
Federal Grants		2,000		2,000		2,362		362
Other State Funds		390,000		390,000		390,000		-
Miscellaneous Revenue		-		-		106		106
Total Revenues		4,328,700		4,088,300		4,088,768		468
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel Services and Benefits		3,249,000		2,923,600		2,800,345		123,255
Contractual Services		524,800		434,800		278,237		156,563
Other Operating Costs		554,900		729,900		673,926		55,974
Total Expenditures		4,328,700		4,088,300		3,752,508		335,792
NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES	\$		\$			336,260	\$	336,260
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues,								
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance								
Unbudgeted Reversions to State General Fund						(336,260)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES								
(GAAP BASIS)					\$			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	(Lo	External vestment Pool Funds cal Government vestment Pool Trust Fund)
ASSETS Cash and Investments:		
Cash in Banks	\$	300,789,350
Government Bonds	Ψ	88,529,471
Interfund		(309,263)
Discounted Notes		626,017,097
Supranationals		87,826,189
Total Cash and Investments		1,102,852,844
Accrued Interest Receivable		60,265,706
Total Assets		1,163,118,550
LIABILITIES		
Due to Broker		19,997,472
Total Liabilities		19,997,472
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$	1,143,121,078

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ADDITIONS Investment Income \$ 1,729,050 Deposits 1,184,907,392 DEDUCTIONS Management Fees (534,984) Withdrawals (988,031,388) CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION 198,070,070 Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - End of Year \$ 1,143,121,077		External Investment Pool Funds (Local Government Investment Pool Trust Fund)
Deposits 1,184,907,392 DEDUCTIONS Management Fees (534,984) Withdrawals (988,031,388) CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION 198,070,070 Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	ADDITIONS	
DEDUCTIONS Management Fees (534,984) Withdrawals CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	Investment Income	\$ 1,729,050
Management Fees Withdrawals CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	Deposits	1,184,907,392
Management Fees Withdrawals CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for		
Withdrawals (988,031,388) CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION 198,070,070 Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	DEDUCTIONS	
Withdrawals (988,031,388) CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION 198,070,070 Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	Management Fees	(534,984)
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	<u> </u>	,
Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for		
Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	198,070,070
Pool Participants - Beginning of Year 945,051,007 FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for		
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	Fiduciary Net Position, Held in Trust for	
	Pool Participants - Beginning of Year	945,051,007
Pool Participants - End of Year \$ 1,143,121,077	FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Held in Trust for	
	Pool Participants - End of Year	\$ 1,143,121,077

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity is a department of the State of New Mexico and these statements do not represent the complete reporting entity for the State, only New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer as a Department thereof. The Office of the State Treasurer (State Treasurer or the Office or STO) has existed continuously since 1851 (Laws 1851-1852). The Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico passed an act to establish and regulate the Treasury Department of the Territory of New Mexico. This act established the office of territorial Treasurer and designed the duties of the Treasurer. The Office of the State Treasurer is established by the New Mexico Constitution, Article V, Section 1, which provides in part:

"The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, State auditor, State treasurer, attorney general, and commissioner of public lands, who shall, unless otherwise provided in the constitution of New Mexico, be elected for terms of four years beginning on the first day of January next after their election. The governor and lieutenant governor shall be elected jointly by the casting by each voter of a single vote applicable to both offices."

Statutory powers and duties of the State Treasurer are contained in numerous articles of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated. Principal statutory provisions related to the New Mexico State Treasurer's Investment Fund are listed below:

- Sections 8-6-1 through 8-6-7 NMSA 1978 (1983 Repl.), as amended. Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978 (1983 Repl.) provides that the State Treasurer shall receive and keep all monies of the State, except when otherwise provided, shall disburse the public money upon lawful warrants and shall keep a just, true and comprehensive account of all monies received and disbursed.
- 2. Section 6-1-13 NMSA 1978 (1978 Repl.) provides that the State Treasurer shall authorize all State agency deposit accounts and shall establish conditions and reports appropriate to the accounts.
- 3. Section 6-8-2 NMSA 1978 (1988 Repl.) provides that the State Treasurer shall be a member of the State Investment Council. Section 6-8-6 NMSA 1978 (1988 Repl.) states that the State Treasurer shall maintain custody of the State permanent fund.
- 4. Sections 6-10-10 (G), (H), and (I) NMSA 1978 (1988 Supp.) empower the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in demand deposits and not immediately needed for the operation of State government in certain specified securities or investments.
- 5. Section 6-12A-2 NMSA 1978 is to ensure an orderly and uninterrupted flow of money to the general fund by anticipating the receipt of taxes and other State revenue.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

- 6. Section 6-10-10.1 NMSA 1978. Short-term investment fund created; distribution of earnings; report of investment. Items a f follow.
 - a. There is created in the State treasury the "short-term investment fund." The fund shall consist of all deposits from governmental entities and Indian tribes or pueblos that are placed in the custody of the State Treasurer for short-term investment purposes pursuant to this section. The State Treasurer shall maintain a separate account for each governmental entity and Indian tribe or pueblo having deposits in the fund.
 - b. If any local public body is unable to receive payment on public money at the rate of interest as set forth in Section 6-10-36 NMSA 1978 from financial institutions within the geographic boundaries of the governmental unit, then a local public finance official having money of that local public body in his custody required for expenditure within thirty days or less may, with the consent of the appropriate local board of finance, if any, remit some or all of such money to the State Treasurer, bank, savings and loan association or credit union for deposit for the purpose of short-term investment as allowed by this section.
 - c. Before any local funds are invested or reinvested for the purpose of short-term investment pursuant to this section, the local public body finance official shall notify and make sure funds are made available to banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions located within the geographical boundaries of their respective governmental unit, subject to the limitation on credit union accounts. To be eligible for such funds, the financial institution shall pay to the local public body the rate established by the State Treasurer pursuant to a policy adopted by the State Board of Finance for such short-term investments.
 - d. The local public body finance official shall specify the length of time each deposit shall be in the short-term investment fund, but in any event the deposit shall not be made for more than thirty days. The State Treasurer, through the use of the State fiscal agent, shall separately track each such deposit and shall make such information available to the public upon written request.
 - e. The State Treasurer shall invest the fund as provided for State funds under Section 6-10-10 NMSA 1978 and may elect to have the short-term investment fund consolidated for investment purposes with the State funds under the control of the State Treasurer, provided that accurate and detailed accounting records are maintained for the account of each participating entity and Indian tribe or pueblo and that a proportionate amount of interest earned is credited to each of the separate government accounts. The fund shall be invested to achieve its objective, which is to realize the maximum return consistent with safe and prudent management.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

f. At the end of each month, all interest earned from investment of the short-term investment fund shall be distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities and Indian tribes or pueblos in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts in the fund were invested. No fees or transfer expenses shall be charged to the participating entities and Indian tribes or pueblos for investment in the short-term investment fund.

The State Treasurer is responsible for making the State of New Mexico's debt service and interest payments on general obligation and severance tax bonds and maintaining the related accounting records on behalf of the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) recorded as transfers out to other state agencies. The proceeds from the issuance of these general obligation and severance tax bonds and the related debt are not part of this audit.

Certain investments owned and administered by the Department of Transportation are purchased through the State Treasurer's Office. The fair value and other gratuitous information related to these investments are not included in the financial statements of the Investment Trust Fund.

Advice and Consent by the State Board of Finance

The State Board of Finance (Board) by statute is comprised of the State of New Mexico governor, lieutenant governor, State treasurer and four members from the general public, and each is a voting member of the Board.

The Board has the responsibility for the issuance of the general obligation and severance tax bonds and for the investment and distribution of the proceeds from such bonds. In that regard, the Board approves the issuance of all such bonds, and provides information for bond prospectuses in order to ensure compliance with financial disclosure requirements and to present information concerning bond issues in a meaningful and informative format. Debt Service Funds are maintained by the State Treasurer for Bonds issued by the Board. The State Treasurer does not record the corresponding debt obligation itself, which is a liability reported by DFA on behalf of the State. The debt is reported on the financial statements of the ACFR and the Department of Finance and Administration.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements for the State Treasurer have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

The State Treasurer is an office of the State of New Mexico. The financial statements and notes to the financial statements include all funds for which the State Treasurer is responsible. These financial statements only present activity related to the State Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer receives funding from state and federal sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the State Treasurer is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB pronouncements, since the State Treasurer is elected by the public and has decision making authority, the power to designate management, and the ability to significantly influence operations and have primary financial accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined in GASB Statement 14, as amended, which are included in the State Treasurer's reporting entity.

The New Mexico LGIP has implemented GASB 79 and its participants qualify for accounting for the investment pool at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

The Office adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84) which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

During fiscal year 2021, the Office of the State Treasurer implemented GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities. In prior years, the State General Fund Investment Pool (SGFIP), Bond Proceeds Investment Pool (BPIP), and Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) were all shown as fiduciary funds managed by the State Treasurer and were consolidated and reported as an Investment Trust Fund of the State on the financial statements of the Office of the State Treasurer. The adoption of GASB 84 – Fiduciary Activities changes the presentation of the investment pools for STO. Each of the investment pools needs to be evaluated to ensure that the definition of an Investment Trust Fund is met. In accordance with GASB 84, Investment Trust Funds are used to report activities from the external portion of investment pools. Additionally, in accordance with NM Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) Guidance on GASB 84 implementation, each agency of the State is a part of the State as a reporting entity, not a stand-alone entity. As such, any amounts that are owed to other State agencies by any of the investment pools are not considered a fiduciary activity of STO, since they would be considered internal in nature. The only amounts that should be shown as fiduciary activities should be the items that are held in trust arrangements for external parties (outside the State of New Mexico).

Upon implementation of GASB 84, the State Treasurer identified that two of the investment pools, the BPIP and the SGFIP, were internal to the primary government, the State of New Mexico, and not fiduciary activities of the Office. These two funds are no longer included in the financial statements of the Office of the State Treasurer. The third fund, the LGIP, meets the definition of an external investment pool and is identified as a custodial fund in the financial statements of the Office of the State Treasurer. All three funds are included in a separate financial statement, the State of New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer Cash Flow Portfolios External and Internal Investment Pools. A copy of the report can be obtained by writing the New Mexico State Treasurer, P.O. Box 5135, Santa Fe, NM 87505 or online at http://www.saonm.org/audit reports.

During 2021, the Gaming Suspense Fund was reclassified and is now a component of the general fund of the State Treasurer's Office. The fund does not receive State General Fund appropriations that are subject to reversion. Because the Gaming Suspense Fund has no net assets, there was no impact on the statement of activities and statement of net position.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and custodial funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the custodial fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. General State Levy and Severance Tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The government's primary operating fund is the General Fund (SHARE Fund 18200). It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is funded through the 2020 General Appropriation Act and the General Fund Compensation Appropriation Act, 1st Special Session (Laws of 2020, Chapter 5), and is subject to reversions.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

The General Obligation Bond Fund (see Schedules 1 and 2 in the Supplementary Information section for SHARE Fund numbers) accounts for payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Financing sources are provided through the collection of property tax levies by other State agencies. The fund does not receive State General Fund appropriations that are subject to reversion.

The Severance Tax Bond Fund (see Schedules 3 and 4 in the Supplementary Information section for SHARE Fund numbers) accounts for tax receipts levied by other State agencies upon natural resource products, severed and saved from the lands of the State of New Mexico, and to account for payment of principal and interest on severance tax bonds. The fund does not receive State General Fund appropriations that are subject to reversion.

Additionally, the government reports the following custodial funds:

The LGIP Short-Term Investment Pool (SHARE Fund 68599) accounts for cash, securities and other investments identified and held in custody only for the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Deposits and Investments

Investment in State General Fund Investment Pool (SGFIP) represents each fund's share of the SGFIP. The State Treasurer's Office manages the SGFIP for the State.

The State Treasurer's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the State Treasurer to invest in, subject to various restrictions, U.S. government debt securities; U.S. government agency debt securities; commercial paper; corporate bonds; asset backed debt securities; repurchase agreements; bank, savings and loan association or credit union deposits; variable rate notes; tax-exempt securities; securities issued by the State or a political subdivision of the State, or an agency, institution or instrumentality of the State, and money market mutual funds.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables and Payables (Continued)

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment and major SHARE software upgrades, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year per 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5).

Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized in the year in which the project was completed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Equipment of the State Treasurer is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5
Computer Software	5

Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave at the rate based on appointment date and length of continuous service. A maximum of 240 hours of such accumulated annual leave may be carried forward after the pay period beginning in December and ending in January. When employees terminate, they are compensated for accumulated unpaid annual leave as of the date of termination, up to a maximum of 240 hours.

Employees are entitled to accumulate sick leave at the rate of 3.69 hours per pay period. There is no limit to the amount of sick leave which an employee may accumulate. State agencies are allowed to pay fifty percent (50%) of each employee's hourly rate for accumulated sick leave over 600 hours up to 120 hours. Payment may be made only once per fiscal year at an employee-specified pay period in either January or July.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are not reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. The State Treasurer is not the issuer of the debt, nor is it ultimately responsible for the debt. The details of the long-term debt are reported on the financial statements of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reporting (ACFR) unit within the Department of Finance and Administration.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, assigned or unassigned. Restricted represents those portions of fund balance where constraints placed on the resources are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balance represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Legislative and Executive branches of the State. Assigned fund balance is constrained by the Legislature's and Executive Branch's intent to be used for specific purposes or, in some cases, by legislation. See Note T for additional information about fund balances.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which spendable (assigned and unassigned) resources are available, it is the State's policy to spend committed resources first.

Net Position

The government-wide statements utilize a net position presentation categorized as follows.

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net position is categorized as investments in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Net Position – Restricted are liquid assets (generated from revenues and not bond proceeds) which have third-party (statutory or granting agency) limitations that are legally enforceable on their use. When there is an option, the State Treasurer spends restricted resources first. Net position is restricted by the bond indenture for debt service. Restricted net position totals \$528,305,139.

Unrestricted Net Position are all other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted assets" or "investments in capital assets".

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Office did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category as of June 30, 2021.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Office did not have any items that were required to be reported in this category as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 3 STATE GENERAL FUND INVESTMENT POOL

Compliant with Statute 6-10-3 (NMSA 1978), and to optimize state cash management and investment practices, funds of various state agencies are deposited in the State General Fund Investment Pool (SGFIP). This pool is managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Claims on the SGFIP are reported as financial assets by the various agencies investing in the SGFIP.

A reconciliation of claims on the SGFIP to the related assets managed by STO assets is performed monthly. There is no material difference between the two amounts.

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires the State Treasurer's cash be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the State Treasurer consist of an interest in the State General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2021, the State Treasurer's Office had \$324,149,633 invested in the State General Fund Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk – The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

Credit Risk - The New Mexico State Treasurer pools are not rated.

NOTE 4 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Per the General Appropriation Act, the State of New Mexico shall follow the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds in accordance with the manual of model accounting practices issued by the Department of Finance and Administration. The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline per Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978. Those accounts payable that do not get paid timely must be paid out of the next year's budget. Encumbrances related to single year appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriation periods are sometimes for periods in excess of twelve months (multiple-year appropriations). When multiple-year appropriation periods lapse, the authority for the budget also lapses and encumbrances can no longer be charged to that budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the appropriation unit level.

The debt service funds of the State Treasurer are not budgeted.

The State Treasurer follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. By September 1, the State Treasurer prepares a budget appropriation request by category to be presented to the next legislature.
- 2. The appropriation request is submitted to the DFA's Budget Division and to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC).
- 3. The DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request which become the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.
- 4. LFC holds hearings on the appropriation request, also submitting recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
- 5. Both the DFA's and LFC's recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
- 6. Budgetary control is exercised at the program activity category level of the State Treasurer as a whole and changes are approved by the DFA.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund only. The debt service funds (General Obligation Bond Funds and Severance Tax Bonding Funds) are non-budgeted funds.
- 8. The General Appropriations Act of 2004 established the modified accrual basis of accounting as the budgetary basis of accounting for the State of New Mexico beginning July 1, 2004. Accordingly, future budgets will be prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 4 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

 The State Treasurer's budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was amended in a legally permissible manner by reallocating line-item category totals as the need arose during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original budget.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS

The State Treasurer operates four separate investment pools. They are as follows:

General Fund Investment Pool

The General Fund is the State of New Mexico's main operating account. All State revenues are credited to the General Fund. Income taxes, sales taxes, rents and royalties, and other recurring revenues are deposited into the fund. The fund also comprises numerous State agency accounts whose assets, by statute, must be held at the State Treasury. Expenditures are disbursed only in accordance with appropriations authorized by the State Legislature.

During fiscal year 2021, the State Treasurer added mutual funds to the eligible investment options to provide additional liquidity investment alternatives.

Consolidated Investment Pool (Tax Exempt Bond Proceeds Investment Pool #1)

The Tax-Exempt Bond Proceeds Investment Pool comprises pooled assets received through the issuance of tax-exempt State of New Mexico general obligation bonds and severance tax bonds. The fund's objective is to preserve capital, provide liquidity, and generate returns relative to the true interest cost of all State of New Mexico debt outstanding in accordance with the Investment Policy of the Office of the State Treasurer.

Consolidated Investment Pool (Taxable Bond Proceeds Investment Pool #2)

The Taxable Bond Proceeds Investment Pool comprises pooled assets received through the issuance of State of New Mexico severance tax bonds and supplemental severance tax notes. The fund's objective is to preserve capital, provide liquidity, and generate returns relative to a benchmark and in accordance with the State Treasurer's Investment Policy.

Pool #1 and Pool#2 are combined for financial statements presentation as one pool because they are all bond issuances however segregated for accounting purposes by the Department of Finance and Administration.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) (Short-Term Investment Pool)

Cities, counties, and other agencies invest monies in the State Treasurer external investment pool (LGIP). In fiscal year 2016, LGIP implemented a portion of GASB No. 79 *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants* (see Note 7 for further detail), which permits external investments pools to elect to measure all of their investments at amortized cost. The LGIP investments are presented at fair value based on the valuation date in the financial statements. The individual participant balances remain at their amortized cost. As of June 30, 2021, LGIP amortized cost approximated fair value, the difference is immaterial (see Schedule of Investments – Custodial Funds).

The State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. Section 6-10-10.1, NMSA 1978, empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies, and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government, or are agencies sponsored by the United States government. The Local Government Investment Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other State investments. The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts were invested. Participation in the Local Government Investment Pool is voluntary. As of June 30, 2021, the WAM(R) of the LGIP was 25 days, and the WAM(F) was 77 days. The fund was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2021.

Custodial Fund Presentation

The custodial fund reflected in the financial statements of the State Treasurer's Office reflects the external portion of the LGIP. The LGIP is included, along with the other Investment Pools in the separate audited financial statements of the State Treasurer's Office Cash Flow Portfolios External and Internal Investment Pools. A copy of the audited financial statements can be obtained by writing the New Mexico State Treasurer, P.O. Box 5135, Santa Fe, NM 87505 or online at http://www.saonm.org/audit_reports.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Investment Guidelines and Limitations

The investment policy is a comprehensive guide governing the investment functions of the New Mexico State Treasurer with respect to all financial assets of the State of New Mexico invested by the State Treasurer in the exercise of his authority and for which the State Treasurer acts as the investing authority. These assets include, as examples only, the State General Fund, the Local Government Investment Pool, bond proceeds, bond debt service funds, and those pension and permanent funds and other special funds with respect to which the State Treasurer is the investing authority.

The investment policy and the public finance investment decisions of the State Treasurer must serve and satisfy several fiduciary, fiscal and financial obligations. In making these decisions and in resolving any conflict or competing considerations that may arise from time to time among these obligations, the State Treasurer will observe the following priority:

- 1. Preservation of Principal to ensure the performance of basic governmental functions, the first priority must be accorded to the preservation and protection of the principal of the funds to be invested;
- 2. Maintenance of Liquidity the second level of priority must be accorded to maintaining sufficient liquidity to satisfy the reasonably anticipated, continuing operational requirements of State Government, and
- 3. Maximum Return the third priority must be accorded to maximizing investment return, through budgetary and economic cycles, consistent with the higher priority accorded to the security and liquidity of principal.

The standard of prudence to be applied in the investment of State assets shall be the "Prudent Person" rule that specifies that: "Investments shall be made with the judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, that persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived."

The State Treasurer or his designees, acting in accordance with this policy and any other written procedures pertaining to the investment of public money and exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility, if any, for credit risk or market price changes of a particular security, provided that deviations from expectations are timely noted and appropriate action is taken to control and prevent further adverse developments.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Investment Guidelines and Limitations (Continued)

The scope of investment authority of the State Treasurer is defined by the applicable investment statutes and constitutional provisions, principally Sections 6-10-10, 6-10-25, 6 10-26, 6-10-37, 6-10-44 and 6-14-10.1, NMSA 1978, as well as Article VIII, Section 4 of the New Mexico Constitution, specifying particular types of investments that may be made by the State Treasurer, which establish certain prerequisites, limitations and other requirements relating to those investments. Moreover, the State Treasurer, in his discretion, may further limit or restrict those investments.

The State Treasurer and the State Board of Finance have determined that only the following statutorily authorized investments may be made, and these investments shall be subject to further limitations or restrictions as follows:

- a. U.S. Government Obligations Securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government including direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities which are guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. Investments shall be limited to a maximum maturity of five (5) years at time of purchase, except securities for any advance refunding escrow which may be invested in securities with a maturity of more than five (5) years. These securities may be either fixed rate or variable rate.
- b. U.S. Government Agency Obligations Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises, but which are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. These securities include mortgage-backed certificates, collateralized mortgage obligations, and debentures issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Federal National Mortgage Association.
 - Also included are direct obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Bank and the Federal Home Loan Bank. These obligations shall consist of discount notes, notes and debentures with either fixed or LIBOR-based floating rate coupons. Investments in U.S. Government agency obligations shall be limited to a maximum maturity of five (5) years at time of purchase.
- c. Commercial Paper Unsecured obligations with a maturity up to 270 days at time of purchase issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States. The commercial paper shall have investment grade ratings and shall not be splitrated. If the rating declines below investment grade, the State Treasurer's Investment Committee (STIC) will meet to evaluate a course of action.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Investment Guidelines and Limitations (Continued)

- d. Corporate Bonds Debt instruments issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States with a maturity not exceeding five (5) years at time of purchase. Corporate bonds with maturities up to three (3) years shall be rated A1 or better at the time of purchase. Corporate bonds with maturities between three (3) and five (5) years shall be rated AA or better. If the rating declines below investment grade, then the State Treasurer's Investment Committee (STIC) will meet to evaluate a course of action.
- e. Asset-Backed Obligations Debt instruments which are backed by defined cash flows or receivables with a final maturity not exceeding five (5) years at time of purchase and rated AAA, or its equivalent, by all national rating agencies that rate the security. If the rating declines below AAA, or its equivalent, then the STIC will meet to evaluate a course of action.
- f. Repurchase Agreements Contracts for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the State. No contract shall be invested in unless the contract is fully secured by obligations of the United States, or its agencies or instrumentalities, or other securities backed by the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent (102%) of the amount of the contract. Repurchase agreements and flexible repurchase agreements shall be limited to a maximum maturity of one (1) year, but flexible repurchase agreements, in which bond proceeds are invested, may have a maximum maturity of three (3) years. Repurchase agreements for the Local Government Investment Pool shall be limited to a maximum maturity of thirty (30) days, although any underlying U.S. government obligations pledged as collateral may have maturities extending beyond the term of such repurchase agreements. Subject to these conditions and the prior approval of the State Board of Finance with respect to the custodial undertaking agreement, tri-party repurchase agreements are proper investments under this policy.
- g. Bank, Savings and Loan Association or Credit Union Deposits Deposits are allowed in certified and designated New Mexico financial institutions whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States. All deposits will comply with state statute and State Board of Finance policies related to interest rate and collateral requirements. CD deposits shall not be made with custodial banks. Deposits shall be limited to a maximum maturity of three (3) years. A deposit in any credit union shall be limited to the amount insured by an agency of the United States.
- h. Variable Rate Notes Variable rate notes (VRN) may be United States government obligations, commercial paper or repurchase agreements. The use of VRNs is considered to be prudent in the management of the portfolio within certain maturity and index rating.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Investment Guidelines and Limitations (Continued)

- i. Municipal Securities Pursuant to 6-14-10.1, the State Treasurer or designee may also invest in municipal securities that at time of purchase are investment grade and have a final maturity of up to three (3) years. If the rating declines below investment grade, then the STIC will meet to evaluate a course of action.
- j. Securities Issued by the State or a Political Subdivision of the State, or any Agency, Institution or Instrumentality of the State or a Political Subdivision These include, but are not limited to, the New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority, the New Mexico Finance Authority and the New Mexico Educational Assistance Foundation, if the statute authorizing the issuance of such securities expressly authorizes the State or the State Treasurer to purchase such security.
- k. Government Money Market Mutual Funds Shares of an open-ended diversified investment company that: (i) is registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission; (ii) complies with the diversification, quality and maturity requirements of Rule 2a-7, or any successor rule, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to money market mutual funds; (iii) assesses no fees pursuant to Rule 12b-1, or any successor rule, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, no sales load on the purchase of shares and no contingent deferred sales charge or other similar charges, however designated, provided that the State shall not, at any time, own more than five percent (5%) of a money market mutual fund's assets, and (iv) is rated AAA or equivalent by a nationally recognized rating agency. In addition, the State Treasurer may act as the investing authority for those agencies which have independent statutory authority to invest. The State Treasurer shall act in a manner consistent with each agency's guidelines and directives.
- I. Local Government Investment Pool General fund dollars may be invested in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), up to five percent (5%) of the LGIP.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Unauthorized Investments/Investment Actions

The State Treasurer will not borrow funds for the sole purpose of investing those funds at a higher yield. The State Treasurer is not authorized by law to invest or as a matter of policy has determined not to invest in securities, assets, investment agreements or instruments except as specifically permitted in this Investment Policy. Accordingly, as examples only, the following securities, assets, investment agreements or instruments are presently impermissible:

- 1. Common or preferred stock
- 2. Exchange traded future contracts
- 3. Inverse floaters
- 4. Whole-loan mortgage obligations
- 5. Interest only and principal strips only as they relate to asset-backed obligations
- 6. Currency swaps
- 7. Range notes and index amortizing notes
- 8. Reverse repurchase agreements
- 9. Short sale

Cash on Deposit

Cash on deposit represents the demand deposit account with the fiscal agent bank. Current year transactions reflect all banking activity for the fiscal year as well as the activity of investments purchased and disposed of during the fiscal year.

The State Treasurer invests all public monies held in excess of the minimum compensating balance maintained with the fiscal agent bank in accordance with an investment policy approved by the State Board of Finance.

The State Treasurer invests excess cash balances on behalf of certain earmarked funds of State agencies identified by State statute and local governments. Interest earnings are distributed based on average outstanding cash balances for local governments and the State agencies where interest is allowed to be earned.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Cash on Deposit (Continued)

The State Treasurer deposits public monies with New Mexico financial institutions in denominations which generally are in excess of the \$250,000 in insurance coverage provided by federal agencies. Accordingly, the State Treasurer requires that depository financial institutions provide additional collateral for such investments. The collateral generally is in the form of marketable debt securities and is required in amounts ranging from fifty percent (50%) to one hundred two percent (102%) of the par value of the investment dependent upon the institution's operating results and capital.

At June 30, 2021, collateral pledged to public money deposits was as follows:

Cash in Bank (Bank Balance) Less: FDIC Insurance Coverage	\$ 300,789,350
Total Unsecured Public Funds	\$ 300,789,350
Collateral Requirement (50%, 75% Or 102%) of Uninsured Public Funds	\$ 150,394,675
Collateral Pledged: U.S. Government Securities Surety Bond Letter of Credit	409,510,832
Excess (Under) Collateralized	\$ 259,116,157

^{*} Fiscal agent bank is required to collateralize the monthly average balance. Refer to the Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository for reconciliation in the Investment Pools financial statements as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS POOLS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value of Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

The Office categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value of investments administered by the State Treasurer at June 30, 2021, follows:

Fair Value Measurements Using								
Quoted	d		Observable	Unobs	ervable			
Prices			Inputs	Inp	outs		Fair Value	
Level 1			Level 2	Lev	/el 3	J۱	une 30, 2021	
\$	-	\$	88,529,471	\$	-	\$	88,529,471	
	-		87,826,189		-		87,826,189	
			626,017,097				626,017,097	
\$	_	\$	802,372,757	\$	_	\$	802,372,757	
	Prices Level 1	· -	Prices Level 1 \$ - \$	Quoted Prices Level 1 Observable Inputs Level 2 \$ 88,529,471 - 87,826,189 - 626,017,097	Quoted Prices Level 1 Observable Inputs Level 2 Unobservable Inputs Level 2 \$ = \$88,529,471 \$ 88,529,471 - \$87,826,189 - 626,017,097	Prices Level 1 Inputs Level 2 Inputs Level 3 \$ - \$88,529,471 \$ - 87,826,189 - 626,017,097	Quoted Prices Level 1 Observable Inputs Level 2 Unobservable Inputs Level 3 Junction \$ 88,529,471 \$ - \$ - 87,826,189 - \$ - 626,017,097	

Fiscal Agent Bank

As of May 1, 2014, the State Board of Finance entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank in Albuquerque to provide banking services as Fiscal Agent for the State of New Mexico for a period of two years, with three options to extend the contract by two years each, for a maximum term of eight years. The third option was exercised in December 2018 to extend the term until April 30, 2022.

Custody Bank

The State Board of Finance and JP Morgan Chase entered into an agreement whereby JP Morgan Chase would provide banking services as Custody Bank for the State of New Mexico effective July 1, 2014, for a two-year period, with the option to renew for up to six additional years at the discretion of the State Board of Finance. The Office exercised its option to extend the term until June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT POOLS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the State Treasurer will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counter party fails. Investment securities are exposed to risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the State Treasurer and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the State Treasurer's name.

The State Treasurer's Investment Policy for safekeeping and custody states that all investment securities purchased by the State, held as collateral on repurchase agreements or held as collateral on securities lending arrangements shall be held in third-party safekeeping at a fiduciary qualified to act in this capacity. All securities held for the State account will be held free and clear of any lien and all transactions will be conducted in compliance with Section 6-10-10(O) NMSA 1978, which requires contemporaneous transfer and same day settlement. On a monthly basis, the custodian will provide reports which list all transactions that occurred during the month and all securities held for the State at monthend, including the book and market value of holdings. The fiscal agent and representatives of the custodian responsible for, or in any manner involved with, the safekeeping and custody process of the State shall be bonded in such a fashion as to protect from losses from malfeasance and misfeasance.

The State Treasurer's Office Collateral Manager reviews and tracks all state funds held in state depository institutions. Deposits and collateral are reviewed daily and a statutorily required risk assessment is performed quarterly, although the assessments are not intended as an opinion as to the financial health of the subject institution. The \$300,789,350 in balances are collateralized in compliance with NMAC 2.60.4. Although in compliance with NMAC 2.60.4 as of June 30, 2021, there was \$0 of the State Treasurer's bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Credit Risk

The State Treasurer's fixed income portfolio investment policy sets credit quality rating guidelines and benchmark indices for each of its sub-asset classes and/or as outlined in each portfolio manager contract.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT POOLS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk (Continued)

The quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (Standard & Poor's) at June 30, 2021, for the Local Government Investment Pool are as follows:

Securities by Quality Rating	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
AAA: Government Agency Securities	\$ 87,826,189	7.96%
AA+: Government Agency Securities	88,529,471	8.03%
A-1+: Treasury Bills	626,017,097	56.75%
Not Rated: Cash in Banks	300,789,350	27.27%
Total	\$ 1,103,162,107	100.00%

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise in the event of default by a single issuer. It is the policy of the State to diversify its investment portfolios. Assets shall be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from an over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. The following diversification limitations shall be imposed on the portfolio:

- 1. Investment maturities will be staggered to avoid undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector and to reflect cash flow requirements.
- 2. Investment in callable instruments is permitted for the State General Fund, but the amount invested in callable instruments should not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the total amount invested of each portfolio. Investment in callable investments may be allowed in the local government investment pool, bond proceeds, bond debt service funds and such pension and permanent fund monies for which the State Treasurer is the investing authority. Investment in callable investments is prohibited for tax and revenue anticipation note proceeds (and any other liquidity vehicle).
- 3. The maximum level of CD deposits for the entire portfolio shall be \$400 million with not more than \$30 million in any single financial institution. The State Board of Finance urges banks to loan this money out in their respective local communities to spur economic development.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT POOLS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

- 4. Investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and asset-backed obligations shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of assets of each portfolio. Commercial paper and corporate bonds shall be limited, per issuer, to five percent (5%) of each portfolio.
- 5. Investments in United States agency securities issued by any single agency shall be limited to thirty-five percent (35%) of the combined portfolios.
- 6. Investment in repurchase agreements from any single provider shall be limited to thirty-five percent (35%) of the combined portfolios.
- 7. Investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States government, with a final maturity not to exceed the expiration date of any such guarantee, shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the assets of each portfolio. Commercial paper and corporate bonds guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States government shall be limited, per issuer, to twenty percent (20%) of each portfolio.
- 8. United States Government Agency issued mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations shall be limited to twenty-five percent (25%) of a portfolio.
- 9. Securities issued by a municipal entity shall be limited to fifteen percent (15%) of a portfolio.
- 10. Securities issued by the State or a political subdivision of the State, or any agency, institution or instrumentality of the State shall be limited to fifteen percent (15%) of the general fund portfolio.
- 11. Investment in money market mutual funds shall be limited to open-ended 2a-7 rated funds that invest in U.S. Treasury and agency securities and shall be limited to 10% of a portfolio.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT POOLS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

The following lists investments held in the Local Government Investment Pool with a single issuer as a percentage of total:

Securities	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 30,053,694	2.72%
U.S. Government Agency Securities:		
FFCB	21,911,078	1.99%
FHLB	11,544,301	1.05%
FNMA	10,010,433	0.91%
FHLMC	15,009,964	1.36%
Supranationals	87,826,189	7.96%
Cash in Banks	300,789,350	27.27%
Discounted Notes	626,017,097	56.74%
Total	\$ 1,103,162,107	100.00%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investments. The State Treasurer recognizes that any portfolio of marketable investment securities is subject to interest rate risk. The State Treasurer, in an attempt to limit the possibility of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, will attempt to match investments with anticipated cash requirements. The State Treasurer or designee shall give particular emphasis to the following factors when selecting a specific security for inclusion in the portfolio:

- 1. Relative Yield to Maturity Comparison of return available from alternative investments for comparable maturity dates.
- 2. Marketability Analysis of relative marketability of alternate investments in case of forced sale or possibility of future trades.
- 3. Intermarket Yield Analysis Analysis of the spread relationship between sectors of the market (e.g., Treasury Bonds or Bills versus Agency Bonds or Discount Notes), to take advantage of aberrations in yield differentials.
- 4. Yield Curve Analysis: Analysis of the slope of the yield curve to determine the most attractive maturities for earning maximum return with minimal risk.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT POOLS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

5. General Economic and Interest Rate Outlook: Review and analysis of current literature on interest rate projections to assist in timing transactions and selecting appropriate maturities.

Maturities on investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are as follows:

	Maturities									
	Less than									
Securities by Quality Rating		Fair Value		1 Year	1-5 Years					
AAA:										
Government Agency Securities	\$	87,826,189	\$	47,896,426	\$	39,929,763				
AA+:										
Government Agency Securities		88,529,471		88,529,471		-				
A-1+:										
Treasury Bills		626,017,097		626,017,097		-				
Not Rated:										
Cash in Banks		300,789,350		300,789,350						
Total	\$	1,103,162,107	\$	1,063,232,344	\$	39,929,763				

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The State Treasurer's investment policy does not have a specific policy on foreign currency risk. However, the listing of permissible investments includes descriptions on the limitations related to each investment type.

All holdings at June 30, 2021, were denominated in United States Dollars.

NOTE 6 EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL (LGIP) - AMORTIZED COST

STO implemented the provisions of GASB 79 as to the portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. STO reviewed each of the requirements listed in GASB 79 to allow election of amortized cost accounting and determined the criteria is consistent with the requirements of Standard and Poor's to ensure compliance with the delayed implementation. STO calculates NAV and submits pool data to S&P on a weekly basis. As for shadow pricing, STO performs a daily calculation that compares the market value of the assets held by the pool to the balances due to the participants. STO has determined that the assets exceed liabilities at June 30, 2021. The difference between the amortized cost and fair value is immaterial for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Below are the limitations or restrictions on LGIP participant withdrawals:

- Amounts less than \$30 million may be withdrawn within 24 hours of notice to the State Treasurer;
- Amounts of \$30 million to \$60 million require notice of 2 business days to the State Treasurer;
- Amounts of \$60 million to \$100 million require notice of 5 business days to the State Treasurer:
- Amounts in excess of \$100 million require notification of 10 business days to the State Treasurer

Notwithstanding the withdrawal guidelines, the State Treasurer reserves the right to limit participant withdrawals if the State Treasurer determines that doing so is required to ensure the stability of the LGIP.

The State General Fund Investment Pool is part of the Local Government Fund Investment Pool (LGIP), and whenever a combined presentation of the Investment Trust Fund is presented, these investments are eliminated.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	_	Balance at ne 30, 2020	A	Additions	De	letions	Recla	assifications	Balance at ne 30, 2021
Depreciable assets: Equipment, Furniture, and Fixtures	\$	2,106,981	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 2,106,981
Total Depreciable Assets		2,106,981		-		-		-	2,106,981
Accumulated Depreciation		1,021,088		399,503					1,420,591
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,085,893	\$	(399,503)	\$		\$		\$ 686,390

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the State Treasurer's Office as follows:

General Government

\$399,503

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Compensated Absences

As in prior years, the general fund is used to liquidate compensated absences. Following are the changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Ва	alance at			Ba	alance at	Amounts due Within
	Jun	e 30, 2020	 ncrease	(Decrease)	June	e 30, 2021	 ne Year
Compensated Absences	\$	156,560	\$ 125,466	\$ (109,897)	\$	172,129	\$ 172,129

NOTE 9 APPROPRIATIONS

The State Treasurer received the following appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

General Fund (STO Fund 18200)	
General Fund Appropriation (Chapter 83, Laws of 2020) State General Fund - BU 34101, Fund 85300	\$ 3,685,300
Compensation Appropriation (Chapter 5, Laws of 2020 1st SS) Dept of Finance & Administration - BU 34100, Fund 62000	 11,000
Total Appropriations	\$ 3,696,300

NOTE 10 COLLATERAL IN TRUST

The State Treasurer holds a variety of different types of collateral, government guaranteed loans and mortgages, certificates of deposit, surety bonds, etc., for certain State agencies, which are not included in these financial statements and are reported by those certain State agencies.

NOTE 11 DUE TO/FROM OTHER STATE AGENCIES

Tax receipts billed by other state agencies due to State Treasurer's Office consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

Due to State Treasurer's Office	Fund No.	Amount	Due from Other State Agencies	Fund No.	Amount
Severance Tax Bonding Fund	41000	\$ 208,268,171	Tax & Revenue	83300	\$ 208,268,171
2015 Series - Debt Service	35170	865,918	Dept of Fin & Adm	80000	865,918
2017A Series - Debt Service	50440	1,318,614	Dept of Fin & Adm	80000	1,318,614
2017B Series - Debt Service	68150	1,147,363	Dept of Fin & Adm	80000	1,147,363
2019 Series - Debt Service	20990	1,041,609	Dept of Fin & Adm	80000	1,041,609
2021 Series - Debt Service	21230	1,102,279	Dept of Fin & Adm	80000	1,102,279
		\$ 213,743,954			\$ 213,743,954

NOTE 12 TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are completed to move revenue from various debt service funds to specific debt service funds per bond resolutions, to cover principal and interest payments.

<u>Severance Tax Bonds (see Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Severance Tax Bond Debt Service Funds)</u>

SHARE			SHARE		
Fund	Transfer from	Amount	Fund	Transfer to	 Amount
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	\$ 8,044,099	68250	2020A Series Debt Service	\$ 8,044,099
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	-	10960	2010B Series Debt Service	-
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	3,743,441	30830	Series 2011A-1 Refunding	3,743,441
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	8,347,725	11480	2012A Series Debt Service	8,347,725
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	9,192,113	50170	2015B Series Debt Service	9,192,113
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	18,949,007	50180	2015A Series Debt Service	18,949,007
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	1,310,976	43160	2016D Series Debt Service	1,310,976
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	56,807,221	43230	2016A, B Series Debt Service	56,807,221
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	7,217,709	43290	2016E Series Debt Service	7,217,709
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	11,008,305	50370	2017A Series Debt Service	11,008,305
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	1,700,812	50450	2016C Series Debt Service	1,700,812
41000	Severance Tax Bond Fund	 15,686,443	20660	2018A Series Debt Service	15,686,443
		\$ 142,007,851			\$ 142,007,851

<u>Transfers to/from Other State Agencies – General Obligation Bonds</u>

Purpose	Agency & BU	SHARE Fund No.	STO Fund No.	Transfers to (from) STO
Debt Service Payments GOB 2017 Escrow	Board of Finance - 34103	20810	Various*	\$ (104,143,400)
Payment	Board of Finance - 34103	20810	35170	13,610,890
GOB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50230	50440	1,123,837
GOB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	30890	68150	1,198,985
GOB 2021 Issuance - DS	Board of Finance - 34103	21220	21230	3,750
GOB 2021 Issuance - COI	Board of Finance - 34103	21220	21410	385,000
				\$ (87,820,938)

NOTE 12 TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers (Continued)

Transfers to/from Other State Agencies – Severance Tax Bonds

_		SHARE Fund	STO Fund	Transfers to (from)
Purpose	Agency & BU	No.	No.	STO
Debt Service Payments Sev Tax Perm Fund	Board of Finance - 34103 State Investment Council -	20810	Various*	\$ (553,722,441)
Transfer (NMSA 7-27)	33700	60200	41000	(123,804,358)
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	20740	41000	5,734
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	20920	41000	25,157
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	43110	41000	22,404
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	11910	41000	100,000
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	20610	41000	59,956
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	20620	41000	12,641
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	20650	41000	161,337
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	60930	41000	213,564
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	40220	41000	832,168
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50560	41000	64,540
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50290	41000	957,312
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50120	41000	724
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50260	41000	25,000
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	50230	41000	90,830
STB Reversions	Board of Finance - 34103	30890	41000	119,388
STB Reversions	Tax and Rev - 33300	89200	41000	146
STB 2021A Issuance - DS	Board of Finance - 34103	68230	68250	1,982
STB 2020A Issuance - DS	Board of Finance - 34103	68350	21430	661
Total - Severance Tax Bond Funds				\$ (674,833,255)

^{*}See Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Obligation Debt Service Funds and Severance Tax Bond Debt Service Funds for listing of each individual fund.

NOTE 13 LEASES

The Office is committed under various noncancelable operating leases primarily for office buildings and equipment. Future minimum lease commitments are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2022	\$ 227,955
2023	227,955
2024	224,560
2025	224,560
2026	 224,560
	\$ 1,129,590

Lease expenditures were \$247,655 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 14 PENSION PLAN - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

The State Treasurer's Office, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Component Appropriation Funds Annual Financial Report (General Fund) and the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the State of New Mexico.

Information concerning the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the ACFR and will be available, when issued, from the Office of State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

Plan Description

Substantially all of the State Treasurer's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, PO Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

NOTE 14 PENSION PLAN - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% of their gross salary. The State Treasurer's Office is required to contribute 17.24% of the gross covered salary for fiscal year 2021. The contribution requirements of plan members and the State Treasurer's Office are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The State Treasurer's contributions to PERA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$358,131, which equal the amount of the required contributions.

NOTE 15 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

The Office, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that provides comprehensive group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service positions in New Mexico. The Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan is administered by the Retiree Health Care Authority of the State of New Mexico. Overall, total OPEB liability exceeds OPEB Plan net position resulting in a net OPEB liability. The State has determined the State's share of the net OPEB liability to be a liability of the State as a whole, rather than any agency or department of the State and the liability will not be reported in the department or agency level financial statements of the State. All required disclosures will be presented in the ACFR of the State of New Mexico.

Information concerning the net liability, benefit expense, and benefit-related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the State of New Mexico ACFR, and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

Plan Description

The State Treasurer's Office contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978).

NOTE 15 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. The State Treasurer's contributions to the RHCA for the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$40,410, which equal the required contributions.

NOTE 16 RISK MANAGEMENT

The State Treasurer is exposed to various risks of loss for which the State Treasurer carries insurance (auto; employee fidelity bond; general liability; civil rights and foreign jurisdiction; money and securities; property, and workers' compensation) with the State of New Mexico Risk Management Division. Public employee fidelity bonding coverage is self-insured by the State of New Mexico. The current policy year is July 1, 2020, to June 30, 2021. The limit of coverage is \$5,000,000, with \$1,000 deductible per occurrence. All State Treasurer employees are covered by this bond.

The State Treasurer had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The Office's risk management policy may require it to share in legal settlements after July 1, 2019, on a case-by-case basis. There were no legal settlements outstanding at June 30, 2021, through November 1, 2021, in connection with the risk policy.

NOTE 17 REVERSION TO THE STATE GENERAL FUND

Under State Statute 6-5-10 NMSA, 1978, all unassigned fund balances in reverting funds and accounts as reflected in the central accounting system as of June 30 shall revert by September 30 to the general fund. The Department of Finance and Administration may adjust the reversion within forty-five days of release of the audit report for that fiscal year.

The amount reverted to the State General Fund as of June 30, 2021, was \$336,260.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

			Assets		Liabilities				
			Due From				Fund Balance	Total	Total
	SHARE	Investment	Other	Total	Accounts	Total	Restricted for	Fund	Liabilities and
	Fund	in SGFIP	Agencies	Assets	Payable	Liabilities	Debt Service	Balance	Fund Equity
2003 Series - Debt Service	03100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2005 Series - Debt Service	03200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Series - Debt Service	28800	6,464	-	6,464	-	-	6,464	6,464	6,464
2001 Series - Debt Service	41400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003B Series - Refunding	41800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Series - Debt Service	10630	466,006	-	466,006	-	-	466,006	466,006	466,006
2011 Series - Debt Service	11630	1,798,686	-	1,798,686	-	-	1,798,686	1,798,686	1,798,686
2013 Series - Debt Service	11680	9,288	-	9,288	-	-	9,288	9,288	9,288
2008A Series - Redemption	73030	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008A Series - Debt Service	73010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2015 Series - Debt Service	35170	28,405,135	865,918	29,271,053	-	-	29,271,053	29,271,053	29,271,053
2017A Series - Debt Service	50440	16,487,026	1,318,614	17,805,640	-	-	17,805,640	17,805,640	17,805,640
2017B Series - Debt Service	68150	11,472,274	1,147,363	12,619,637	-	-	12,619,637	12,619,637	12,619,637
2019 Series - Debt Service	20990	17,559,528	1,041,609	18,601,137	-	-	18,601,137	18,601,137	18,601,137
2021 Series - Debt Service	21230	4,364,814	1,102,279	5,467,093	_		5,467,093	5,467,093	5,467,093
Total Debt Service		80,569,221	5,475,783	86,045,004	-	-	86,045,004	86,045,004	86,045,004
2001 Series - Rebate	41500	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
2003 Refunding Series - Rebate	41900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005 Series - Rebate	42600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
911 - Rebate	48800								
Total Rebate Accounts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Series - Cost of Issuance	10650	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
2011 Series - Cost of Issuance	11320	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
2013 Series - Cost of Issuance	11620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2015 Series - Cost of Issuance	40130	17,240	-	17,240	10,013	10,013	7,227	7,227	17,240
2017A Series - Cost of Issuance	50390	365,887	-	365,887	-	-	365,887	365,887	365,887
2019 Series - Cost of Issuance	71840	131,801	-	131,801	-	_	131,801	131,801	131,801
2021 Series - Cost of Issuance	21410	107,531		107,531	64,915	64,915	42,616	42,616	107,531
Total Cost of Issuance		622,459		622,459	74,928	74,928	547,531	547,531	622,459
COMBINED TOTAL		\$ 81,191,680	\$ 5,475,783	\$ 86,667,463	\$ 74,928	\$ 74,928	\$ 86,592,535	\$ 86,592,535	\$ 86,667,463

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Excess (Deficiency) of Total Other State Revenues Over Transfers (to) Financing Net Change Begi SHARE Interest Property Other Total (Under) from Other Sources in Fund Fu Fund Income Tax Levy Charges Expenditures Expenditures State Agencies (Uses) Balance Bala	d Balances
	- \$ -
2003 Series - Debt Service 03100 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	
2005 Series Debt Service 03200	
2007 Series - Debt Service 28800 2,108 2,108 2,108	4,356 6,464
2001 Series - Debt Service 41400	
2003-B Series - Refunding 41800	
2009 Series - Debt Service 10630 8,755 8,755 8,755	57,251 466,006
2011 Series - Debt Service 11630 20,048 1,662,171 1,500 1,500 1,680,719 (2,246,400) (2,246,400) (565,681)	64,367 1,798,686
2013 Series - Debt Service 11680 3,028 3,028 3,028	6,260 9,288
2008A Series - Redemption 73030	
2008A Series - Debt Service 73010	
2015 Series - Debt Service 35170 180,585 16,040,926 16,221,511 (4,824,860) (4,824,860) 11,396,651 1	74,402 29,271,053
2017A Series - Debt Service 50440 356,925 18,507,061 18,863,986 (16,769,413) (16,769,413) 2,094,573 18	11,067 17,805,640
2017B Series - Debt Service 68150 97,476 29,356,280 29,453,756 (31,108,515) (31,108,515) (1,654,759) 14	74,396 12,619,637
2019 Series - Debt Service 2099 1,354,608 28,715,070 746 746 30,068,932 (33,260,500) (33,260,500) (3,191,568) 2:	92,705 18,601,137
2021 Series - Debt Service 21230 73,772 5,389,571 5,463,343 3,750 3,750 5,467,093	- 5,467,093
Total Debt Service 2,097,305 99,671,079 2,246 2,246 101,766,138 (88,205,938) (88,205,938) 13,560,200 72	84,804 86,045,004
2001 Series - Rebate 41500	
2003 Series - Refunding 41900	
2005 Series - Rebate 42600	-
911 - Rebate 48800 <u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Rebate Accounts	-
2009 Series - Cost of Issuance 10650	
2011 Series - Cost of Issuance 11320	
2013 Series - Cost of Issuance 11620	
2015 Series - Cost of Issuance 40130 22,270 22,270 (22,270) (22,270)	29,497 7,227
2017A Series - Cost of Issuance 50390 1,250 1,250 (1,250) (1,250)	67,137 365,887
2019 Series - Cost of Issuance 71840	31,801 131,801
2021 Series - Cost of Issuance 21410 <u>- 342,384</u> 342,384 (342,384) 385,000 385,000 42,616	- 42,616
Total Cost of Issuance 365,904 365,904 (365,904) 385,000 385,000 19,096	28,435 547,531
COMBINED TOTAL \$ 2,097,305 \$ 99,671,079 \$ 368,150 \$ 368,150 \$ 101,400,234 \$ (87,820,938) \$ (87,820,938) \$ 13,579,296 \$ 73	13,239 \$ 86,592,535

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – SEVERANCE TAX BONDS – SEVERANCE TAX BOND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Interest in State		Assets		oilities	Fund		
		iliterest ili State	Due From				1	Total	Total
	SHARE	General Fund	Other	Total	Accounts	Total	Restricted for	Fund	Liabilities &
_	Fund	Investment Pool	Agencies	Assets	Payable	Liabilities	Debt Service	Equity	Fund Equity
	10750	100 101				•		400.404	
2009-A Series - Debt Service	10750	\$ 160,124	\$ -	\$ 160,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,124	\$ 160,124	\$ 160,124
2010-A Series - Debt Service	10950	698	-	698	-	-	698	698	698
2010-B Series - Debt Service	10960	483	-	483	-	-	483	483	483
	11190	234	-	234	-	-	234	234	234
	11280	1,290	-	1,290	-	-	1,290	1,290	1,290
	11770	221,945	-	221,945	-	-	221,945	221,945	221,945
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11980	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12160	149,815	-	149,815	-	-	149,815	149,815	149,815
	30830	3,689,581	-	3,689,581	-	-	3,689,581	3,689,581	3,689,581
· ·	30820	68,390	-	68,390	-	-	68,390	68,390	68,390
	11480	7,963,706	-	7,963,706	-	-	7,963,706	7,963,706	7,963,706
	49200		-	-	-	-			
2004-B Series Debt Service	18300	109	-	109	-	-	109	109	109
2005-B1 Series Debt Service	38800	2,426	-	2,426	-	-	2,426	2,426	2,426
ů .	41000	108,759,698	208,268,171	317,027,869	748,922	748,922	316,278,947	316,278,947	317,027,869
	41200	118,404	-	118,404	-	-	118,404	118,404	118,404
	43230	52,299,829	-	52,299,829	-	-	52,299,829	52,299,829	52,299,829
2003-B Series-Debt Service	48400	485	-	485	-	-	485	485	485
Series 2015B	50170	8,297,855	-	8,297,855	-	-	8,297,855	8,297,855	8,297,855
Series 2015A	50180	16,966,339	-	16,966,339	-	-	16,966,339	16,966,339	16,966,339
Series 2016C	50450	1,713,790	-	1,713,790	-	-	1,713,790	1,713,790	1,713,790
2007-A Debt Service	53700	65,415	-	65,415	-	-	65,415	65,415	65,415
2005-B2 Series Debt Service	57100	1,754	-	1,754	-	-	1,754	1,754	1,754
2008A-1 Series - Debt Service	72010	203,384	-	203,384	-	-	203,384	203,384	203,384
2008A-2 Series - Debt Service	72070	1,643	-	1,643	1,215	1,215	428	428	1,643
2006-A Series Debt Service	96300	3,475	-	3,475	-	-	3,475	3,475	3,475
	43160	668,252	-	668,252	-	-	668,252	668,252	668,252
2016E Series Debt Service	43290	7,169,439	-	7,169,439	-	-	7,169,439	7,169,439	7,169,439
2017A Series Debt Service	50370	9,712,689	-	9,712,689	-	-	9,712,689	9,712,689	9,712,689
2017SC Series Debt Service	67980	33	-	33	-	-	33	33	33
2018A Series Debt Service	20660	13,479,264	-	13,479,264	-	-	13,479,264	13,479,264	13,479,264
2020A Series Debt Service	68250	7,817,451	-	7,817,451	-	-	7,817,451	7,817,451	7,817,451
2021A Series Debt Service	21430	10,090		10,090			10,090	10,090	10,090
Total Debt Service		239,548,090	208,268,171	447,816,261	750,137	750,137	447,066,124	447,066,124	447,816,261
2004-B Series-Rebate	41100	330	-	330	-	-	330	330	330
2003-B Supp-Rebate	42000	13,548	-	13,548	-	-	13,548	13,548	13,548
2005-A Series-Rebate	48300	48,121	-	48,121	-	-	48,121	48,121	48,121
2005-B1 Series-Rebate	57000	11,858	-	11,858	-	-	11,858	11,858	11,858
2005-B2 Series-Rebate	96000	6,959	-	6,959	-	_	6,959	6,959	6,959
	96400	41,447		41,447			41,447	41,447	41,447
Total Rebate Accounts		122,263		122,263			122,263	122,263	122,263
COMBINED TOTAL		\$ 239,670,353	\$ 208,268,171	\$ 447,938,524	\$ 750,137	\$ 750,137	\$ 447,188,387	\$ 447,188,387	\$ 447,938,524

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SEVERANCE TAX BOND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Rev	enues	Expen	ditures		Othe	er Financing Sources (U	ses)			
	SHARE Fund	Interest Income	Severance Taxes	Other Charges	Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Transfers (to) from Other State Agencies	Interfund Transfers	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Change in Fund Balance	Beginning Fund Balance	Fund Balances June 30, 2021
2009-A Series - Debt Service	10750	\$ 48,363	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ 48,363	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 48,363	\$ 111,761	\$ 160,124
2010-A Series - Debt Service	10950	6				6	(16,574,250)		(16,574,250)	(16,574,244)	16,574,942	698
2010-B Series - Debt Service	10960	4	_	_	-	4	(11,469,900)	_	(11,469,900)	(11,469,896)	11,470,379	483
2010-C Series - Debt Service	11190	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	231	234
2010-D Series - Debt Service	11280	12	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	12	1,278	1,290
Series 2013A	11770	9,801	-	-	-	9,801	-	-	-	9,801	212,144	221,945
2013 S-C Maturity	11980	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Series 2014A	12160	29,423	-	-	-	29,423	-	-	-	29,423	120,392	149,815
2011A-1 Series	30830	457	-	-	-	457	(3,697,725)	3,743,441	45,716	46,173	3,643,408	3,689,581
2011A-2 Series Refunding	30820	626	-	-	-	626	-	-	-	626	67,764	68,390
2012A - Series	11480	3,546	-	-	-	3,546	(8,162,125)	8,347,725	185,600	189,146	7,774,560	7,963,706
2004-A Series Debt Service	49200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004-B Series Debt Service	18300	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	108	109
2005-B1 Series Debt Service	38800	22	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	22	2,404	2,426
Severance Tax Bonding	41000	8,125,812	861,179,840	1,231,441	1,231,441	868,074,211	(517,343,407)	(142,007,851)	(659,351,258)	208,722,953	107,555,994	316,278,947
2005-A Series -Debt Service	41200	1,083	-	-	-	1,083	-	-	-	1,083	117,321	118,404
Series 2016A & Refunding Series 2016B	43230	100,186	-	-	-	100,186	(46,023,500)	56,807,221	10,783,721	10,883,907	41,415,922	52,299,829
2003-B Series-Debt Service	48400	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	481	485
Series 2015B	50170	100,739	-	-	-	100,739	(9,121,500)	9,192,113	70,613	171,352	8,126,503	8,297,855
Series 2015A	50180	69,190	-	-	-	69,190	(18,657,625)	18,949,007	291,382	360,572	16,605,767	16,966,339
Series 2016C	50450	24,415	-	-	-	24,415	(11,578,200)	1,700,812	(9,877,388)	(9,852,973)	11,566,763	1,713,790
2007-A Series-Debt Service	53700	598	-	-	-	598	-	-	-	598	64,817	65,415
2005-B2 Series Debt Service	57100	16	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	16	1,738	1,754
2008A-1 Debt Service	72010	1,860	-	-	-	1,860	-	-	-	1,860	201,524	203,384
2008A-2 Debt Service	72070	15	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	15	413	428
2006-A Series Debt Service	96300	32	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	32	3,443	3,475
2016D Series Debt Service	43160	18,606	-	-	-	18,606	(1,336,250)	1,310,976	(25,274)	(6,668)	674,920	668,252
2016E Series Debt Service	43290	28,800	-	-	-	28,800	(7,339,273)	7,217,709	(121,564)	(92,764)	7,262,203	7,169,439
2017A Series Debt Service	50370	136,802	-	-	-	136,802	(8,962,125)	11,008,305	2,046,180	2,182,982	7,529,707	9,712,689
2017SC Series Debt Service	67980	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33
2018A Series Debt Service	20660	335,890	-	-	-	335,890	(13,806,875)	15,686,443	1,879,568	2,215,458	11,263,806	13,479,264
2020A Series Debt Service	68250	534,513	-	-	-	534,513	(761,161)	8,044,099	7,282,938	7,817,451	-	7,817,451
2021A Series Debt Service	21430	9,429				9,429	661		661	10,090		10,090
Total Debt Service		9,580,254	861,179,840	1,231,441	1,231,441	869,528,653	(674,833,255)	-	(674,833,255)	194,695,398	252,370,726	447,066,124
2004-B Series-Rebate	41100	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	327	330
2003-B Supp-Rebate	42000	124	-	-	-	124	-	-	-	124	13,424	13,548
2005-A Series-Rebate	48300	440	-	-	-	440	-	-	-	440	47,681	48,121
2005-B1 Series-Rebate	57000	109	-	-	-	109	-	-	-	109	11,749	11,858
2005-B2 Series-Rebate	96000	64	-	-	-	64	-	-	-	64	6,895	6,959
2006-A Series-Rebate	96400	379				379				379	41,068	41,447
Total Rebate Accounts		1,119				1,119				1,119	121,144	122,263
COMBINED TOTAL		\$ 9,581,373	\$ 861,179,840	\$ 1,231,441	\$ 1,231,441	\$ 869,529,772	\$ (674,833,255)	\$ -	\$ (674,833,255)	\$ 194,696,517	\$ 252,491,870	\$ 447,188,387

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge ——	eneral Fund (18200)	Su	Gaming spense Fund (02000)	Total General Funds	
ASSETS Investment in State General Fund						
Investment Pool	\$	3,287,600	\$	-	\$	3,287,600
Gaming Suspense Receivables Other Receivables		- 0.404		18,433,433		18,433,433
Other Receivables		2,481		<u>-</u> _		2,481
Total Assets	\$	3,290,081	\$	18,433,433	\$	21,723,514
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	90,776	\$	-	\$	90,776
Receipts Held in Suspense Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes		3,118,834 80,471		-		3,118,834 80,471
Due to State General Fund		-		18,433,433		18,433,433
Total Liabilities		3,290,081		18,433,433		21,723,514
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-		-		-
Unassigned Total Fund Balances						
i otal rung balances	-					<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,290,081	\$	18,433,433	\$	21,723,514

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund (18200)	Gaming Suspense Fund (02000)	Total General Funds	
REVENUES	Ф 0.000	Φ.	Ф 0.000	
Federal Funds	\$ 2,362	\$ -	\$ 2,362	
Total Revenues	2,362	-	2,362	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel Services and				
Employee Benefits	2,800,345	-	2,800,345	
Operating Costs:			-	
Contractual Services	278,237	-	278,237	
Other Administrative Expenditures	673,926	-	673,926	
Other Charges				
Total Expenditures	3,752,508		3,752,508	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,750,146)	-	(3,750,146)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
State General Fund Appropriations	3,685,300	_	3,685,300	
State General Fund Compensation	-,,		-,,	
Appropriation	11,000	_	11,000	
Other State Funds	390,000	-	390,000	
Miscellaneous Revenues	106	-	106	
Reversions to State General Fund FY21	(336,260)	-	(336,260)	
Transfer (to) from Other State Agencies	- -	-	-	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	3,750,146		3,750,146	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Security Description	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Book Value	Market Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL:					
Bank Accounts: BANK OF THE WEST	Variable	N/A	\$ 256,246,156	\$ 256,246,156	\$ -
WELLS FARGO CHECKING	Variable	N/A	44,543,194	44,543,194	<u>-</u>
Total Bank Accounts			300,789,350	300,789,350	-
Supernationals: INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK BOND FIXED 1.875%	1.875%	07/23/2021	450,474	450,477	4
INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK BOND VARIABLE	0.050%	09/16/2022	9,935,620	9,933,364	(2,256)
INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK BOND VARIABLE	0.160%	10/25/2021	10,000,673	9,999,600	(1,073)
INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK BOND VARIABLE	0.380%	10/25/2021	13,926,380	13,926,527	147
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION & INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION &	0.050% 1.375%	01/13/2023 09/20/2021	10,002,723 21,808,837	9,999,800 21,808,582	(2,923) (255)
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION &	2.750%	09/20/2021	310,488	310,456	(33)
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORP BOND FIXED 1.125%	1.125%	07/20/2021	1,400,734	1,400,784	49
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORP BOND VARIABLE	0.050%	06/30/2023	20,000,000	19,996,600	(3,400)
Total Supernationals			87,835,930	87,826,189	(9,741)
Discounted Notes:	0.0000/	07/04/0004	40 000 045	00 000 000	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 01/JUL/2021 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 02/DEC/2021	0.000% 0.000%	07/01/2021 12/02/2021	19,999,945	20,000,000	55
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 02/DEG/2021 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 02/SEP/2021	0.000%	09/02/2021	49,992,547 29,996,852	49,988,949 29.997.244	(3,598) 392
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 02/3LF/2021	0.000%	08/05/2021	59,998,419	59,997,268	(1,151)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 08/JUL/2021	0.000%	07/08/2021	21,017,910	21,017,842	(68)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 09/DEC/2021	0.000%	12/09/2021	29,994,688	29,993,068	(1,619)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 09/SEP/2021	0.000%	09/09/2021	19,997,672	19,998,153	481
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 12/NOV/2021	0.000%	11/12/2021	24,996,772	24,995,533	(1,238)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 14/OCT/2021	0.000%	10/14/2021	29,996,524	29,995,844	(680)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 16/SEP/2021	0.000%	09/16/2021	12,387,350	12,386,808	(543)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 18/NOV/2021	0.000%	11/18/2021	24,997,110	24,995,285	(1,825)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 19/AUG/2021	0.000%	08/19/2021	29,997,527	29,998,163	635
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 20/JUL/2021 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 21/OCT/2021	0.000% 0.000%	07/20/2021 10/21/2021	49,998,686 12,988,396	49,998,681 12,988,080	(5) (315)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 22/JUL/2021	0.000%	07/22/2021	39,998,556	39,998,888	332
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 23/SEP/2021	0.000%	09/23/2021	39,132,974	39,132,434	(541)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 24/AUG/2021	0.000%	08/24/2021	29,997,896	29,997,975	79
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 26/OCT/2021	0.000%	10/26/2021	19,996,880	19,996,750	(130)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 29/JUL/2021	0.000%	07/29/2021	39,999,376	39,998,514	(862)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BILL ZERO CPN 30/SEP/2021	0.000%	09/30/2021	40,542,460	40,541,620	(840)
Total Discounted Notes			626,028,538	626,017,097	(11,441)
U.S. Government Securities:					
Treasury Securities:					
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NOTES FIXED 1.125%	1.125%	8/31/2021	30,051,804	30,053,694	1,890
Total Treasury Securities			30,051,804	30,053,694	1,890
Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB):					
FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANKS FUNDING CORP BOND	0.160%	12/13/2021	1,900,268	1,900,937	669
FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANKS FUNDING CORP BOND	0.140%	09/23/2021	10,000,000	10,002,631	2,631
FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANKS FUNDING CORP BOND	0.230%	01/14/2022	10,000,000	10,007,510	7,510
Total Federal Farm Credit Banks			21,900,268	21,911,078	10,811

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Security Description	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Book Value	Market Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB):	0.4050/	07/00/0004	0.500.000	0.400.000	(0)
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS BOND FIXED 0.125%	0.125%	07/02/2021	2,500,006	2,499,999	(8)
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CALLABLE BOND STEP CPN	1.700%	10/26/2021	9,045,604	9,044,303	(1,301)
Total Federal Home Loan Banks			11,545,610	11,544,301	(1,309)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA):					
FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION NOTES	0.200%	12/09/2021	5,000,000	5,003,220	3,220
FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION NOTES	0.270%	03/16/2022	5,000,000	5,007,213	7,213
Total Federal Home Loan Banks			10,000,000	10,010,433	10,433
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC):					
FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP MEDIUM TERM NOTE	0.200%	03/04/2022	5,000,000	5,004,567	4,567
FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP MEDIUM TERM NOTE	0.190%	12/10/2021	5,000,000	5,001,697	1,697
FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP MEDIUM TERM NOTE	0.370%	09/23/2021	5,000,000	5,003,700	3,700
Total Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			15,000,000	15,009,964	9,964
Total U.S. Governmental Securities			88,497,682	88,529,471	31,789
Total Local Government Investment Pool					
(Short-term Investment Pool)			\$ 1,103,151,500	\$ 1,103,162,107	\$ 10,607
(Onor-rain investment Foot)			φ 1,103,131,300	φ 1,103,102,101	ψ 10,007

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Security Description	Book Value	Market Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)		
Local Government Investment Pool (Short-term Investment Pool)	\$ 1,103,151,500	\$ 1,103,162,107	\$ 10,607		
Grand Total of all Funds	\$ 1,103,151,500	\$ 1,103,162,107	\$ 10,607		
Reconciliation to Financial Statements: Total Investments per Schedule of Investmen	ts		\$ 1,103,162,107		
Less: Interfund Investments in Local Governr General Fund Investment Pool	(309,263)				
Total Interfund Investments			(309,263)		
Total Cash and Investments, Statement	of Fiduciary Net Posit	ion	\$ 1,102,852,844		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT POOL NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2021

	LGIP	Consolidated		
	Short-Term	Investment	General Fund	
	Investment	Pool (Internal)	Investment	
	Pool (External)	BPIP #1 and #2	Pool (Internal)	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments:				
Fiscal Agent Bank Account	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,449,032	\$ 70,449,032
Cash in Banks	300,789,350	34,666	680,653,393	981,477,409
Money Market Mutual Funds	-	76,642,149	347,877,936	424,520,085
Repurchase Agreements	-	-	-	-
Bank Acceptances	-	38,072,750	79,140,648	117,213,398
Certificates of Deposit	-	6,200,000	2,500,000	8,700,000
Commercial Paper	-	59,908,366	19,964,850	79,873,216
Corporate Bonds	-	108,782,574	481,037,943	589,820,517
Demand Notes	-	82,550,000	116,630,000	199,180,000
Government Bonds	88,529,471	1,170,681,418	2,093,851,539	3,353,062,427
Supranationals	87,826,189	96,905,153	142,125,893	326,857,235
Municipal Bonds	-	23,924,080	45,788,254	69,712,334
Mutual Funds	-	377,673,355	562,956,514	940,629,869
Discounted Notes	626,017,097	200,017,812	1,313,328,163	2,139,363,072
Interfund Investments	(309,263)	-	309,263	-
Total Cash and Investments	1,102,852,844	2,241,392,322	5,956,613,428	9,300,858,594
Accrued Interest Receivable	60,265,706	3,929,331	10,692,029	74,887,066
TOTAL ASSETS	1,163,118,550	2,245,321,653	5,967,305,457	9,375,745,660
	,, -,	, -,- ,	-,,,	-,, -,
LIABILITIES				
Due to Broker	19,997,472	40,036,899	-	60,034,371
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,997,472	40,036,899		60,034,371
NET POSITION - HELD IN TRUST	\$ 1,143,121,078	\$ 2,205,284,754	\$ 5,967,305,457	\$ 9,315,711,289

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENT POOL NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2021

	LGIP	Consolidated		
	Short-Term	Investment	General Fund	
	Investment	Pool (Internal)	Investment	
	Pool (External)	BPIP #1 and #2	Pool (Internal)	Total
ADDITIONS				
Investment Income	\$ 1,729,050	\$ 2,424,352	\$ 7,139,745	\$ 11,293,147
Deposits	1,184,907,393	1,417,477,859	57,940,782,216	60,543,167,468
DEDUCTIONS				
Management Fees	(534,984)	-	534,984	-
Custodial Fees	-	-	-	-
Other Investment Costs	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	(988,031,389)	(671,164,708)	(57,029,667,340)	(58,688,863,437)
SUBTOTAL OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION	198,070,070	748,737,503	918,789,605	1,865,597,178
Net Position - Held in Trust for Pool				
Participants, June 30, 2020	945,051,007	1,456,547,251	5,048,515,853	7,450,114,111
NET POSITION - Held in Trust for Pool				
Participants, June 30, 2021	\$ 1,143,121,077	\$ 2,205,284,754	\$ 5,967,305,458	\$ 9,315,711,289

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF ASSET MANAGEMENT COSTS (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2021

2.2.2.12(G)(1)

For all asset classes except private asset classes and alternative investment classes:

Consultant	Location	Description of Investments Subject to the Agreement	Fees
Government Portfolio Advisors, LLC	2188 SW Park Place, Suite 100 Portland, OR 97205	Provides investment management consulting services and performance management for the portfolios the State Treasurer's Office maintains, primarily consisting of domestic fixed income securities and repurchase agreements.	\$ 73,587.50 per annum



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance and Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer and Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor New Mexico Office of the State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund of the State of New Mexico Office of the State Treasurer (the Office), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Office's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Honorable Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor and President, State Board of Finance Honorable Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer Honorable Brian Colón, State Auditor

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or 2.2.2 NMAC.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Office's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 1, 2021

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes x no			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yesx none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesxno			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2021

There were no prior year audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2021

An exit conference was held with the State Treasurer's Office on October 29, 2021. The conference was held online using a virtual forum as allowed in accordance with 2.2.2.10(M)(1) NMAC. The conference was held in a closed meeting to preserve the confidentiality of the audit information prior to the official release of the financial statements by the State Auditor. In attendance were:

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER

Tim Eichenberg, State Treasurer
Sam Collins, Deputy State Treasurer
David Mahooty, Chief Financial Officer, Budget and Finance Division Director
Charmaine Cook, State Cash Manager
Dominic Donio, Administrative Ops Manager
Steve Marsico, Deputy State Cash Manager

CLIFTONLARSONALLEN LLP

Clarke Cagle, CPA, CGFM, CCIFP, Principal Andres Gamez, CPA, Director

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented in this report have been prepared by the independent auditor and were reviewed and approved by the State Treasurer's Office. However, the financial statements remain the responsibility of management, as addressed in the Independent Auditors' Report. Management reviewed and approved the financial statements.

